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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/085,921	02/28/2002	James E. Harman	LDP-8103	1164
7	7590 04/23/2003			
LERNER AND GREENBERG, P.A.			EXAMINER	
POST OFFICE BOX 2480 HOLLYWOOD, FL 33022-2480			MAH, CHUCK Y	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3676	
			DATE MAILED: 04/23/2003	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/085,921	HARMAN, JAMES E.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Chuck Mah	3676				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period wi  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute,  - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing of earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).  Status	6(a). In no event, however, may a within the statutory minimum of the ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MC cause the application to become a	a reply be timely filed  nirty (30) days will be considered timely.  DNTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on						
<u> </u>	s action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for alloware closed in accordance with the practice under E Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.		the Everyland				
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accept	•					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	<del>-</del> · ·	• •				
11)☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a)☐ approved b)☐ disapproved by the Examiner.  If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.						
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C	. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).				
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	•					
1. Certified copies of the priority documents	have been received.					
2. Certified copies of the priority documents	_					
Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).						
<ul> <li>a)</li></ul>						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) 2.		v Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) f Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)				

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

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- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- (e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371(c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.

The changes made to 35 U.S.C. 102(e) by the American Inventors Protection Act of 1999 (AIPA) and the Intellectual Property and High Technology Technical Amendments Act of 2002 do not apply when the reference is a U.S. patent resulting directly or indirectly from an international application filed before November 29, 2000. Therefore, the prior art date of the reference is determined under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) prior to the amendment by the AIPA (pre-AIPA 35 U.S.C. 102(e)).

2. Claims 1, 2, 17-19, 25 and 26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being clearly anticipated by Brennan (D459,949).

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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4. Claims 3-7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Brennan '949 in view of Sweeny (4,982,989).

'949 discloses the invention as claimed but for the protrusions. '989 teaches a handle grip having protrusions to attach the grip to a handle. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the handle cover of '949 with protrusions as taught by '989 to retain the cover in place.

As to the specific shape of the protrusions, it would have been an obvious matter of design choice to make the different portions of the protrusions cone shape or whatever form or shape was desired or expedient. A change in form or shape is generally recognized as being within the level of ordinary skill in the art, absent any showing of unexpected results. *In re Dailey et al., 149 USPQ 47.* 

As to the size of the protrusions, it would have been an obvious matter of design choice to form the protrusions one-and-one-half millimeters thick, since such a modification would have involved a mere change in the size of a component. A change in size is generally recognized as being within the level of ordinary skill in the art. *In re Rose, 105 USPQ 237 (CCPA 1955).* 

5. Claims 8-16, and 20-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Brennan '949 in view of Normann (5,368,393)

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'949 does not show a mark. '393 shows a grip having a mark for advertising purpose. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the handle cover of '949 with a mark as taught by '393 for the purpose of advertising.

As to claims 9-15, the examiner takes Official Notice that it is well known and common practice to form logo, trademark, brand name, or other display in a handle grip by coloring, molding, etching, and label with adhesive or bonding. It would have been obvious matter of design choice form the mark of '393 with any one of the methods mentioned above.

As to claims 21-24, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to form the handle cover with any one of the thermoplastics as claimed, since it has been held to be within the general skill of a worker in the art to select a known material on the basis of its suitability for the intended use as a matter of obvious design choice. *In re Leshin, 125 USPQ* 416.

#### Conclusion

6. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Chuck Mah whose telephone number is (703) 308-0676. The examiner can normally be reached on 5/4-9.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Anthony Knight can be reached on (703) 308-3179. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 305-7687 for regular communications and (703) 305-7687 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-1113.

Primary Examiner Art Unit 3676

CM April 20, 2003